## Langford Village CP School - Reception Progression of Skills - Long Term Plan 2022-2023

	Autumn 1 - 6.5 <b>Me - Who am I?</b>	Autumn 2 – 7.5 Let's Celebrate	Spring 1 – 5.5 <b>Night and Day</b>	Spring 2 – 6 <b>Come Outside</b>	Summer 1 – 5.5 Our World	Summer 2 – 7 What's next?
Overarching Principles	Unique Child: every child is a unique child, who is constantly learning and can be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured Positive Relationships: Children learn to be strong and independent through positive relationships Enabling Environments: Children learn and develop well in enabling environments with teaching and support from adults, who respond to their individual interests and needs and help them to build their learning over time. Children benefit from a strong partnership between practitioners and parents and/or carers. Learning and Development: Importance of learning and development. Children develop and learn at different rates. (See "the characteristics of effective teaching and learning" at paragraph 1.15). The framework covers the education and care of all children in early years provision, including children with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND). We understand that children learn best when they are absorbed, interested and active. We understand that active learning involves other children, adults, objects, ideas, stimuli, and events that aim to engage and involve children for sustained periods. We believe that Early Years education should be as practical as possible and therefore, we are proud that our EYFS setting has an underlying ethos of 'Learning through play'. Play is essential for children's development across all areas. Play builds on children's confidence as they learn to explore, to relate to others around them and develop relationships, set their					
7 Key Features of Effective Practice	<ul> <li>own goals, and solve problems. Children learn by leading their own play and by taking part in play which is guided by adults.</li> <li>The best for every child</li> <li>High-quality care</li> <li>The curriculum: what we want children to learn</li> <li>Pedagogy: helping children to learn</li> <li>Assessment: checking what children have learnt</li> <li>Self-regulation and executive function</li> <li>Partnership with parents</li> </ul>					
Curriculum Goals	Confident Communicator who can listen carefully in different situations, hold a conversation with friends and adults, ask relevant questions and use new vocabulary to explain ideas and feelings	Independent Individual who can follow the classroom rules, set simple goals and persevere to achieve them, select resources, manage their own personal needs and know how to stay fit and healthy	Fantastic Friend who can be kind, caring and helpful, show empathy and respect to others, work and play co-operatively whilst considering others' ideas and feelings	Amazing Athlete who can show strength, balance and co-ordination when playing, move confidently and safely in a variety of different ways, use a range of equipment	Talented Tool User who can hold a pencil effectively, use a range of tools (for example scissors, cutlery, paintbrushes, tweezers, hammer, screwdrivers) safely and with confidence	Brilliant Bookworm who can show a love for reading, use new vocabulary to talk about what they have read or has been read to them, read words and simple sentences (using sounds they have learnt)
To become a/an	51 7	Master of Maths who can show a deep understanding of numbers to 10, recognise patterns, subitise, compare, recall number bonds to 5, and develop spatial reasoning skills	Exceptional Explorer who can use their senses to show curiosity about the world around them, observe, investigate, and care for all living things, and understand some differences between times and places	Compassionate Citizen who can help to look after their community and care for the environment, know some reasons why Bicester is special, have an awareness of other people's cultures and beliefs	confidence, play a range of	Dynamic Designer who can choose and safely use the resources they need to make their creations, talk about what they have made and how they have made it, use their model as a prop to enhance their play
Characteristics of Effective Teaching and Learning	Active Learning: Children conce		and 'have a go' counter difficulties, and enjoy achie own ideas, make links between idea		things'	
Possible Themes/ Interests/ Lines of Enquiry NB: These themes may be adapted at various points to allow for children's interests		Autumn Bonfire Night/fireworks + Keeping safe Christmas/ Christmas story Christmas around the world Festivals around the world Firefighters - Fire Service visit Nursery Rhyme Week	Space Fly me to the moon	Planting/Gardening/Spring Life cycles – Frog/butterfly/plant/sunflowers Tadpoles Weather Growing up – babies - generations	Bicester Where in the world have you been? Maps People Who Help Us Jungles / Rainforest / Desert	Summer holidays Send me a postcard Seaside Journeys Looking after the planet When I'm older / next year / future Embedding the years learning
'Wow' moments/ Enrichment	Harvest and Food bank	Halloween Bonfire Night/fireworks Diwali Remembrance Day Making Gingerbread Men Christmas/Santa	Lunar New Year National Storytelling week Pancake Day	Easter Mother's Day World Book Day International Women's Day	Farm visit Caterpillars in	Father's Day Transition

			PRIME AREAS			
	Autumn 1 - 6.5 <b>Me - Who am I?</b>	Autumn 2 – 7.5 Let's Celebrate	Spring 1 – 5.5 Night and Day	Spring 2 – 6 Come Outside	Summer 1 – 5.5 <b>Our World</b>	Summer 2 – 7 What's next?
Communication and Language	cognitive development. The numl interested in or doing and echoin stories, non-fiction, rhymes and conversation, storytelling, and comfortable using a rich range of • Listen to others 1:1, in small	ber and quality of the conversations g back what they say with <b>new voo</b> poems, and then providing them wi <b>role play</b> , where children <b>share th</b> <b>of vocabulary</b> and <b>language struc</b> • Listen in familiar & new	s they have with adults and peers t cabulary added, practitioners will b ith extensive opportunities to use a neir ideas with support and model stures. • Listen attentively in a range of	hroughout the day in a <b>language-r</b> build children's language effectively and <b>embed new words in a range</b> <b>ling</b> from their teacher, and sensitiv • Understand why listening is	<ul> <li>actions from an early age form the ich environment is crucial. By com</li> <li>Reading frequently to children, of contexts, will give children the o ve questioning that invites them to e</li> <li>Listen and understand</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>menting on what children are and engaging them actively in pportunity to thrive. Through laborate, children become</li> <li>Listen and respond with relevant</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Listening, Attention, Understanding         <ul> <li>Speaking</li> </ul> </li> <li>Talk to parents about what language they speak at home, try, and learn a few key words and celebrate multilingualism in the setting.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sing a large repertoire of songs e.g., nursery rhymes or numbers of songs.</li> <li>Begin to use social phrases e.g., 'Good Morning!</li> <li>Use talk to organise</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Link events in a story to their own experiences.</li> <li>Follow instructions with 2 parts in a familiar situation.</li> <li>Start a conversation with peers and familiar adults and continue for many turns.</li> <li>Use intonation to make meaning clear to others.</li> <li>Develop social phrases – "Good</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>situations.</li> <li>Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding.</li> <li>Consider the listener and take turns.</li> <li>Maintain attention during appropriate activity.</li> <li>Make predictions about what might happen next or story endings in response to texts read.</li> <li>Engage in non-fiction books.</li> <li>Consider the listener and takes turns to listen and speak in different contexts.</li> <li>Know how to listen carefully e.g., understand they need to look at who is talking to them and think about what they are saying.</li> <li>Use talk to organise/stand for something else in play.</li> <li>Begin to use past tense.</li> <li>Begin to recount past events.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>important. Maintain attention in different contexts.</li> <li>Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.</li> <li>Ask questions to find out more and check understanding.</li> <li>Begin to connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives.</li> <li>Continue to learn and use new vocabulary throughout the day.</li> <li>Learn rhymes, poems, and songs.</li> <li>Describe events in some detail.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maintain activity while listening.</li> <li>Keep play going in response to the ideas of others and engage in conversation relevant to play theme.</li> <li>Ask and answer 'what', 'where', 'when', and 'what could we do next' questions.</li> <li>Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.</li> <li>Understand how, why, where questions.</li> <li>Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities to explain how things work and why they might happen.</li> <li>Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences.</li> <li>Express ideas about feelings and experiences.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>questions, comments, or actions.</li> <li>Attend to others in play, play cooperatively and can pretend to be someone else talking.</li> <li>Make comments and clarify thinking with questions.</li> <li>Retell the story once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words.</li> <li>Use new vocabulary in different contexts.</li> <li>Speak in well-formed sentences with some detail.</li> <li>Use past, present, and future tenses in conversation with peers and adults.</li> <li>Use conjunctions to extend and articulate their ideas.</li> </ul>
				 ugh the day / Use new vocabulary ir		
		Listen carefully to		on to how they sound Learn rhymes o build familiarity and understanding		
	Communication and Language is developed throughout the year through high quality interactions, daily group discussions, circle times, stories, singing, speech and language interventions, Helicopter Stories, Jane Considine, Jigsaw and Tapestry Time, WellComm					
Personal, Social and Emotional Development Children's personal, social, and emotional development is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives and is fundamental are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm, and supportive relationships with adults enable children to Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confided direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including health interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes and in later life.			ips with adults enable children to le es simple goals, have confidence their bodies, including healthy e cts peaceably. These attributes will	arn how to <b>understand their own</b> te in their own abilities, to persist eating, and manage personal needs	feelings and those of others. and wait for what they want and s independently. Through supported	
	feelings and consider the	<ul> <li>Beginning to talk about their feelings.</li> <li>Can show concern for others and show awareness of how</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally.</li> <li>Can explain right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can make choices and communicate what they need.</li> <li>Understand why listening is important and attend to other</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Initiate an apology where appropriate.</li> <li>Beginning to know that children think and respond in different ways to them.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Able to identify and moderate their own feelings.</li> <li>Understands some strategies to deal with anger and frustration.</li> </ul>

er 1 – 5.5 <b>World</b>	Summer 2 – 7 What's next?			
early age form the foundations for language and is crucial. By commenting on what children are ently to children, and engaging them actively in give children the opportunity to thrive. Through t invites them to elaborate, children become				
ile busy with y while listening. g in response to hers and engage relevant to play er 'what', 'where', hat could we do alk about ction to develop ity with new vocabulary. w, why, where	Listen and respond with relevant questions, comments, or actions. Attend to others in play, play cooperatively and can pretend to be someone else talking. Make comments and clarify thinking with questions. Retell the story once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Speak in well-formed sentences with some detail. Use past, present, and future tenses in conversation with peers and adults. Use conjunctions to extend and articulate their ideas.			
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	Self-regulation	expectations for behaviour.	<ul> <li>their actions may impact on others.</li> <li>Talk with others to solve conflicts.</li> <li>Can identify how they are feeling on the zone of regulation board.</li> <li>Understand behavioural expectations of the setting.</li> <li>Begin to take turns and share resources.</li> <li>Can usually tolerate delay when needs are not immediately met.</li> <li>Can talk about what they are doing and why.</li> <li>Independently choose where they would like to play.</li> <li>Show a developing independence with managing their own personal hygiene needs.</li> <li>Can say when they help.</li> <li>Can follow instructions with 2 parts.</li> <li>Begin to take turns and share resources.</li> <li>Continue to build constructive and respectful relationships.</li> <li>Seek familiar adults and peers to engage in conversations and ask for help.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can identify kindness.</li> <li>Seek others to share activities and experiences.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>people both familiar and unfamiliar.</li> <li>Happy to stand up in front of the class and share achievements with others.</li> <li>Begin to show persistence when faced with challenges.</li> <li>Manage their own personal hygiene needs.</li> <li>Can get ready for Forest School.</li> <li>Can keep play going by cooperating, listening, speaking, and explaining.</li> <li>Can reflect on the work of others and self-evaluate their own work.</li> <li>Friendship - Use language to negotiate, play and organise. Knowing what makes a good friend.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can follow instructive requests, and idea of situations.</li> <li>Can talk about the abilities positively</li> <li>Develop an under be able to talk about the abilities positively</li> <li>Develop an under be able to talk about the abilities positively</li> <li>Develop an under be able to talk about the abilities positively</li> <li>Develop an under be able to talk about the abilities positively</li> <li>Develop an under be able to talk about the abilities positively</li> <li>Develop an under be able to talk about the abilities positively</li> <li>Develop an under be able to talk about the transport to try measures.</li> <li>Maintain constructive respectful relation</li> <li>Can be considered and work together collaboration.</li> </ul>
		JIGSAW: BEING ME IN MY WORLD	JIGSAW: CELEBRATING DIFFERENCE	JIGSAW: DREAMS AND GOALS	JIGSAW: HEALTHY ME	JIGSAW: RELAT
		Children dev	I.	otional skills throughout the year the	nrough Jigsaw, circle times, social s	tories, diversity stor
	Physical Development	starting with <b>sensory exploratio</b> creating games and providing op Gross motor skills provide the fo <b>early literacy</b> . Repeated and va children to develop <b>proficiency</b> ,	ons and the development of a child oportunities for play both indoors ar undation for developing healthy bo ried opportunities to explore and pl control, and confidence.	I's strength, co-ordination and p ad outdoors, adults can support ch dies and social and emotional well ay with small world activities, puzz	and active lives. Gross and fine n positional awareness through tumn ildren to develop their core strengt -being. Fine motor control and pro- iles, arts and crafts and the practice	ny time, crawling ar h, stability, balanc ecision helps with of using small tools
	<ul><li>Fine Motor</li><li>Gross Motor</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Develop their small motor skills stools competently, safely, and compencils for drawing and writing, provide the forks, and spoon.</li> <li>Revise and refine the fundamental ready acquired: rolling, crawling hopping, skipping, climbing.</li> <li>Begin to develop their core must posture when sitting at a table of Begin to safely use a range of la</li> <li>Begin to develop the skills they resuccessfully: <ul> <li>lining up and queuing</li> <li>mealtimes</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	onfidently. Suggested tools: paintbrushes, scissors, knives, tal movement skills they have g, walking, jumping, running, cle strength to achieve a good r sitting on the floor. rge apparatus indoors and outside	<ul> <li>range of tools competently, safe</li> <li>Development of threading, weav</li> <li>Hold pencil effectively and comfe</li> <li>Holds a pencil effectively to form</li> <li>Know how to form clear ascende</li> <li>Further develop and refine a ran catching, kicking, passing, battir</li> <li>Know and talk about the different</li> </ul>	ving, and cutting skills. ortably. In recognisable letters. ers and descenders. loge of ball skills including throwing, ing, and aiming. In factors that support their overall ysical activity, healthy eating, s of 'screen time', having a good istrian.	<ul> <li>Develop the foun accurate and effice</li> <li>Continue to dever range of tools con pencils for drawin and spoon.</li> <li>Fine motor skills precision during a</li> <li>It is important to happens through opportunities pro- play dough, build of learning are im- predetermined out</li> <li>Combine differentiation</li> </ul>

uctions, deas in a range their own ely. derstanding and about regular se and being a new activities. and the face of rtant for all of us hen using and ols, equipment, uctive and onships. erate to the beginning to ent point of view her in	<ul> <li>Can negotiate with others to solve problems and take steps to resolve conflict.</li> <li>Engage in challenges and take responsibility for their own learning. Plan, adapt, persist, and review own progress.</li> <li>See themselves as a unique and valued individual.</li> <li>Apply knowledge to support their health and wellbeing.</li> <li>Can seek out a challenge and enjoy the process.</li> <li>Show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings.</li> <li>Can resolve conflict and able to compromise.</li> <li>Take responsibility for their own actions.</li> <li>Show awareness of how their actions may impact on others.</li> </ul>
TIONSHIPS	JIGSAW: CHANGING ME

ories, Spirals, Tapestry Time etc.

s develop incrementally throughout early childhood, and play movement with both objects and adults. By **nce, spatial awareness**, co-ordination and agility. **ith hand-eye co-ordination**, which is later linked to ools, with feedback and support from adults, allow

undations of a handwriting style which is fast, efficient.

evelop their small motor skills so that they can use a competently, safely, and confidently. Suggested tools: wing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks,

Ils are the small movements used for control and ng activities.

to recognise that the development of fine motor skills gh daily access to resources, activities and

provided through continuous provision e.g., threading, ilding and creating, colouring, puzzles etc. All areas interconnected and not all learning has a outcome.

ent movements with ease and fluency

	Develop the overall body strengt	Continue to develop o th, co-ordination, balance, and agili and swimming. / Use th	verall body-strength, balance, co-o ity needed to engage successfully v neir core muscle strength to achieve Develop overall body-strength,	ently. Suggested tools: pencils for d rdination, and agility through use of with future physical education sessi e a good posture when sitting at a ta balance, co-ordination, and agility. ark making, construction, drawing,	outdoor play equip ons and other physi able or sitting on the
	Autumn 1 - 6.5 <b>Me - Who am I?</b>	Autumn 2 – 7.5 Let's Celebrate	Spring 1 – 5.5 Night and Day	Spring 2 – 6 Come Outside	Summer Our V
Literacy • Comprehension • Word Reading • Writing	<ul> <li>writing) starts from birth. It only de together. Skilled word reading, ta involves transcription (spelling a comprehension:</li> <li>Listen and enjoy sharing a range of books.</li> <li>Hold a book correctly, handle with care and turn pages from front to back and recognise front and back cover.</li> <li>Know that a book has a beginning and an end and can hold the book the right way up and turn some pages appropriately.</li> <li>Know that print carries meaning and in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom.</li> <li>Simply explain what is happening in a picture in a familiar story.</li> <li>Know the difference between text and illustrations.</li> <li>Recognise some familiar words in print, e.g., own name / logos.</li> <li>Enjoy joining in with rhyme,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evelops when adults talk with child aught later, involves both the speed and handwriting) and composition (</li> <li>Comprehension: <ul> <li>Experience and respond to different types of books, e.g., story books, factual/real-world books, rhyming and non-rhyming stories, realistic and fantasy stories.</li> <li>Respond to 'who', 'where' 'what' and 'when' questions linked to text and illustrations.</li> <li>Make simple inferences to answer yes/no questions about characters' emotions in a familiar picture book read aloud to them, with prompts.</li> <li>Sequence two events from a familiar story, using puppets, pictures from a book or role-play.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Phonics: <ul> <li>Phonics:</li> <li>Blend with known letters for reading VC and CVC words.</li> <li>Orally segment for VC and CVC words for spelling.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ren about the world around them and y working out of the pronunciation articulating ideas and structuring the <b>Comprehension:</b></li> <li>Use picture clues to help read a simple text.</li> <li>Make a simple prediction based on the pictures or text of a straightforward story that is read aloud to them.</li> <li>Show understanding of some words and phrases in a story that is read aloud to them.</li> <li>Express a preference for a book, song, or rhyme, from a limited selection.</li> <li>Play is influenced by the experience of books (small world, role play).</li> <li>Phonics:</li> <li>Phase 2/3</li> <li>Consolidate skills as in Aut 2.</li> <li>Recognise digraphs -ck + consonant endings - ff, Il, ss.</li> <li>Tricky words - the, to, no, go, I, into.</li> <li>Blend and segment known sounds for reading and spelling</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Comprehension:</li> <li>Retell stories in the correct sequence, draw on language patterns of stories.</li> <li>With prompting, show understanding of many common words and phrases in a story that is read aloud to them.</li> <li>Suggest how an unfamiliar story read aloud to them might end.</li> <li>Give a simple opinion on a book they have read, when prompted.</li> <li>Recognise repetition of words or phrases in a short passage of text.</li> <li>Play influenced by experience of books</li> <li>Innovate a well-known story with support.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>n) they read with the ing) and the speed</li> <li>Comprehension:</li> <li>Correctly sequence event using picture captions.</li> <li>Make simple, place suggestions about happen next in a reading.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Phonics:</li> <li>Phase 1/2</li> <li>Hear general sound discrimination, identify rhythm, rhyme, alliteration and be able to orally blend and segment simple words.</li> <li>Word Reading:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>into.</li> <li>Word Reading:</li> <li>Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.</li> <li>Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter-sound correspondences.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know the remaining grapheme - phoneme correspondence for j, v, w, x, z, zz, qu</li> <li>Know the 4 consonant digraphs – sh, th, ch, ng</li> <li>Word Reading:</li> <li>Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>9 vowel digraphs – ai, ee, oa, oo, ar, or, ur, ow, oi</li> <li>Trigraph igh</li> <li>Tricky words, the, to, he, she, we, me, be, was, my</li> <li>Write graphemes and digraphs when they hear them, using a sound mat or sound wall for support if needed.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>blending and seg reading and spell syllable words an</li> <li>Write more graph memory and write sentence using p knowledge.</li> <li>Word Reading:</li> </ul>

rerall body strength, coordination, balance, and agility lence, competence, precision, and accuracy when stivities that involve a ball.

g, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks, and spoon. ipment.

ysical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport, the floor.

sco, Pen Disco and Squiggle While You Wiggle.

er	1	- 5.5
N	lo	rld

## Summer 2 – 7 What's next?

age comprehension (necessary for both reading and them, and **enjoy rhymes, poems and songs edy recognition of familiar printed words.** Writing

ו:	Comprehension:
ence a story or	<ul> <li>Play influenced by experience of</li> </ul>
tures and/or	books - act out stories through
	role play activities, using simple
lausible	props (e.g. hats, masks, clothes,
out what will	etc.) and appropriate vocabulary.
a book they are	Innovate a known story.
,	<ul> <li>Recall the main points in text in</li> </ul>
ence between	the correct sequence, using own
of texts (fiction,	words and including new
ry)	vocabulary.
es to answer a	When prompted, say whether
ning 'Why do you	they liked or disliked a book, and
icture book that	give a simple justification or
to them, where	make a relevant comment.
learly	<ul> <li>With prompting, sometimes show</li> </ul>
	understanding of some less
by experience	familiar words and phrases in a
ures and actions	story that is read aloud to them.
a story, event or	
t or illustrations.	Phonics:
	<ul> <li>Phase 3 / 4 + consolidate Phase</li> </ul>
	2/3
solidate 2/3	Read CVCC words
, ure, air	Adjacent consonants
– er	<ul> <li>Read tricky words – do, when,</li> </ul>
rds – they, her,	out what, said, have, like, so.
ius – iliey, liei,	<ul> <li>Represent each of 42 phonemes</li> </ul>
oly knowledge of	by a grapheme and blend
egmenting to	phonemes to read CVC words
elling simple two-	and segment CVC words for
and captions.	spelling.
phemes from	<ul> <li>Read sentences using phonic</li> </ul>
rite a simple	knowledge, write digraphs and
phonic	trigraphs.
prioriic	angrapho.
	Word Reading:
	<ul> <li>Read some tricky words from</li> </ul>

Phase 4 e.g. said, like, have, so.

	Hear general sound	<ul> <li>Read a few common exception</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Blend sounds into words, so</li> </ul>	Word Reading:	<ul> <li>Read some letter groups that</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Re-read what they have written</li> </ul>
	discrimination, identify rhythm,	words matched to our phonic	that they can read short words	<ul> <li>Read some letter groups that</li> </ul>	each represent one sound and	to check that it makes sense.
	rhyme, alliteration and be able	programme.	and phrases made up of known	each represent one sound and	say sounds for them.	
	to orally blend and segment		letter-sound correspondences.	say sounds for them.	Read simple phrases and	
	simple words.		<ul> <li>Read a few common exception words matched to the school's</li> </ul>	Read simple phrases and     sentences mode up of words	sentences made up of words	
			phonic programme.	sentences made up of words with known letter-sound	with known letter–sound correspondences and, where	
			phonic programme.	correspondences and, where	necessary, a few exception	
				necessary, a few exception	words.	
				words.		
			ild up their confidence in word read	literation and be able to orally blend ding, their fluency and their underst ith their phonic knowledge.		
	Writing	Writing	Writing	Writing	Writing	Writing
		Copies adult writing behaviour	Use appropriate letters for initial	0	Continue to build on knowledge	Show awareness of the different
	skills in a range of contexts.	e.g. writing on a whiteboard,	sounds.	in writing.	of letter sounds to build words in	
	<ul> <li>Aware that writing</li> </ul>	writing messages.	• Orally compose a sentence and	• Orally compose a sentence and		Write short sentences with
	communicates meaning.	• Make marks and drawings using		hold it in memory before	familiar words in their writing.	words with known letter-sound
	<ul> <li>Give meaning to marks they</li> </ul>	increasing control.	attempting to write it.	attempting to write it and use	<ul> <li>Write short sentences with</li> </ul>	correspondences using a capital
		• Know there is a sound/symbol	Spell to write VC and CVC	simple conjunctions.	words with known letter-sound	letter and full stop.
	thoughts can be written down.	relationship.	words independently using	• Spell words by identifying the		Write a simple narrative in short
		Use some recognisable letters	<ul> <li>Phase 2 graphemes.</li> <li>Shows a dominant hand.</li> </ul>	sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s.	<ul><li>letter and full stop.</li><li>Spell words by drawing on</li></ul>	sentences with known letter- sound correspondences using a
	a name card or try to write it from memory.	<ul><li>and own symbols.</li><li>Write letters and strings,</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Snows a dominant hand.</li> <li>Write from left to right and top to</li> </ul>		knowledge of known grapheme	capital letter and full stop.
	<ul> <li>Use talk to link ideas, clarify</li> </ul>	sometimes in clusters like	bottom.	CVCC words independently	correspondences.	Write different text forms for
	thinking and feelings.	words.	Begin to form recognisable	using Phase 2 and phase 3	<ul> <li>Make phonetically plausible</li> </ul>	different purposes (e.g. lists,
	Understands that thoughts and	<ul> <li>Use talk to link ideas, clarify</li> </ul>	letters.	graphemes.	attempts when writing more	stories, instructions.
	stories can be written down.	thinking and feelings.		<ul> <li>Spell some irregular common</li> </ul>	complex unknown words.	<ul> <li>Begin to discuss features of</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Orally segment sounds in</li> </ul>	Understands that thoughts and		(tricky) words e.g. the, to, no, go		their own writing e.g. what kind
	simple words.	stories can be written down.		independently.	correctly.	of story have they written.
	<ul> <li>Write their name copying it from a name card or try to write it</li> </ul>	by identifying the sounds.		recognisable letters.	<ul> <li>Starting and finishing in the right place, going the right way round</li> </ul>	
		Write their own name.		Know how to form clear	and correctly orientated.	correspondences.
	Know that print carries meaning			ascenders and descenders.	Include spaces between words.	Make phonetically plausible
	and in English, is read from left	correctly.				attempts when writing more
		Recognise that after a word there				complex unknown words e.g.
		is a space.				using Phase 4 CCVCC
						Spell irregular common (tricky)
						words e.g., he, she, we, be, me
						independently.
						Uses a pencil confidently to     write letters that can be clearly
						recognised and form some
						capital letters correctly.
	Handwritin				hich children have been taught to fo	orm correctly.
Mathematics	Doveloping a strong grounding !			alk, vocabulary, reading and writing		confidently develop a deep
mathematics				-	y. Children should be able to count aried opportunities to build and app	
n n	-	-	-		and vocabulary from which mastery	
-0000					reas of mathematics including shape	
	•				s, 'have a go', talk to adults and p	•
	not be afraid to make mistakes.		mathematics, look for patterns a	iu relationsnips, spot connection	s, have a go, talk to addits and p	deers about what they holice and
	<ul> <li>Count objects, actions, and</li> </ul>	Count objects, actions, and	• Explore the composition of	• Explore the composition of	• Explore the composition of	• Subitising – regular opportunities
Number	sounds. • Subitise	sounds to 10 • Understand the 'one more	numbers to 10	numbers to 10	numbers beyond 10.	to instantly recognise small quantities.
Numerical Patterns	<ul> <li>Subitise</li> <li>Consolidate linking the number</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Automatic recall number bonds 0-5</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Select, rotate, and manipulate shapes to develop spatial</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Automatic recall number bonds 0-10.</li> </ul>	Counting – Practice and
	symbol (numeral) with its	•	<ul> <li>Count beyond ten.</li> </ul>	reasoning skills.	<ul> <li>Composition of numbers to 10</li> </ul>	consolidate counting on and
	cardinal number value to five		Introducing zero	• Numbers 7, 8, 9	and beyond.	back within 10.
	Begin to explore composition of		<ul> <li>Representing, comparing,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Making pairs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Counting patterns to 10 and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Composition – all quantities are</li> </ul>
	numbers to 5.			<ul> <li>Combining groups</li> </ul>	beyond.	composed of smaller quantities.

U • Nu

	<ul> <li>Matching - same/different, colour, size, shape.</li> <li>Sorting into groups – counting by rote, counting aloud, clapping, stamping, drumming</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Representing, comparing, composition, formation of 4,5</li> <li>Circle, oval, triangle, square, rectangle</li> <li>Positional language – Identify on and under</li> <li>Night and Day</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>composition, formation of 6, 7, 8</li> <li>Making pairs, pairs wise, doubles</li> <li>Combining 2 groups</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number bonds</li> <li>Build and create using a variety of 3D shapes. Which stack, which roll – and why? Sort accordingly</li> <li>Continue, copy, and create repeating patterns.</li> <li>Build on AB by introducing ABB, AAB, AABB etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Count on and bastarting points.</li> <li>Say what comes a given number sequences of nu</li> <li>Challenge to find on number track squares.</li> <li>Match, rotate, and set of the sequence of the seq</li></ul>
	Select, rotate, and manipula	ate shapes to develop spatial reaso Under	r symbol with its cardinal number va oning skills. Compose and decompo rstand the 'one more/one less than' ue, copy, and create repeating patte	ose shapes so that children recogni relationship between consecutive r	se a shape can ha numbers.
	sense of the world around them – of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and	from visiting parks, libraries and m poems will foster their understand	f <b>their physical world and their co</b> nuseums to meeting important mem ling of our culturally, socially, techno nriching and widening children's voo	bers of society such as police office ologically and ecologically diverse v	ers, nurses and fire vorld. As well as b
<ul> <li>Past and Present</li> <li>People, Culture and Communities</li> <li>The Natural World</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Talk about themselves</li> <li>What do I want to be when I grow up? Video for parents.</li> <li>Talk about things/people special to them.</li> <li>Talk about members of their families and the relationship to them.</li> <li>Name and describe people who are familiar to them.</li> <li>Sharing photos of their family.</li> <li>Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries - homes.</li> <li>Begin to understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them.</li> <li>Special Event:</li> <li>Dental Nurse / Nurse to talk about keeping healthy inc. tooth brushing.</li> <li>Food:</li> <li>Marmalade sandwiches</li> <li>STEM:</li> <li>Eggs in different liquids to see how the enamel is worn down.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use the language of time when talking about events in their own lives and lives of others including people they have learnt about through books.</li> <li>Find out about key historical events and why and how we celebrate today? Remembrance Day, Christmas Day, Diwali.</li> <li>Ask questions, use different sources to find answers including books.</li> <li>Compare and contrast characters from stories.</li> <li>Understand that some places are special to members of their community.</li> <li>Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways.</li> <li>Special Event:</li> <li>Christmas singing - performance to parents.</li> <li>Food:</li> <li>Xmas biscuits STEM:</li> <li>Make elastic band instruments and discover how the sound is made.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand the effect of changin around them.</li> <li>Special Event:</li> <li>Chinese new year visitor</li> <li>Food:</li> <li>Making soup - pumpkin/carrot soup.</li> <li>STEM:</li> <li>Make a rain gauge and a weather system</li> </ul>	week to make observations or find ons and places. eatures of different places. Look faces. them. Ind feel whilst outside. Ing seasons on the natural world Special Event: • Midwife visit to talk about lifecycles. • Easter songs, spring poems - performance to Parents. Food: • Chocolate nests STEM: • Food colouring and plants	<ul> <li>Compare and configures from the</li> <li>Talk about key may be in society to present and pase</li> <li>Name and describeration of the community.</li> <li>Draw information map.</li> <li>Use photos and locate and place</li> <li>Recognise some and differences this country and countries.</li> <li>Special Event:</li> <li>Farm visit</li> <li>Food:</li> <li>Grow and cook points and cook pointswithout</li> </ul>
	Explore t		Describe what they se aking part in fortnightly Forest Scho and the need to respect and care fo		

s. hes before or after er and to place numbers in order.	<ul> <li>Sorting &amp; Matching – Notice similarities and differences.</li> <li>Comparing &amp; Ordering – Compare and order quantities ad measures.</li> <li>See that quantities can be changed.</li> <li>Combine and manipulate shapes to make new shapes.</li> </ul>		
ers have other shapes within it, just as numbers can.			

ersonal experiences increases their knowledge and irefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection building important knowledge, this extends their

contrast including ne past.	<ul> <li>Order experiences in relation to themselves, others, and stories.</li> </ul>
•	
y roles people	Recount an event, orally, pictorial
y both in the	and/or with captions.
ast.	<ul> <li>Comment on images of familiar</li> </ul>
scribe people who	situations in the past.
them within the	<ul> <li>Describe features of objects,</li> </ul>
	people, places at different times
tion from a simple	and make comparisons.
	<ul> <li>Talk about what is the same and</li> </ul>
nd pictures to	different.
ice on a map.	<ul> <li>Recognise, know, and describe</li> </ul>
me similarities	features of different places.
es between life in	<ul> <li>Look closely at similarities and</li> </ul>
nd life in other	differences between their
	immediate environment and
	different places they have visited,
	learnt about through books or
	websites.
ok potatoes	<ul> <li>Create own maps using grid</li> </ul>
	paper and symbols (x marks the
ons for the	spot maps).
ut 'blowing'	Special Event:
-	<ul> <li>Sport day</li> </ul>
	Food:
	<ul> <li>Make Bread Rolls for Picnic</li> </ul>
	STEM:
	<ul> <li>Mentos in coke, making bubbles</li> </ul>

natural world around them.

pictures of animals and plants.

	Expressive Arts and Design	explore and play with a wide rai and ability to communicate th	artistic and cultural awareness supp nge of <b>media and materials</b> . The q <b>nrough the arts</b> . The frequency, rep ht into new musical worlds. Invite m	uality and variety of what children s petition and depth of their experience	ee, hear and participate in is cruciates are fundamental to their progression	I for developing their understandir ss in interpreting and appreciating	ng, <b>self-expression, vocabulary</b> what they hear, respond to and			
• Beii		<ul> <li>Begin and start to develop storylines in their pretend play.</li> <li>Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.</li> <li>Begin to listen and move to music, expressing their feelings and responses.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Use a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.</li> <li>Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.</li> <li>Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.</li> <li>Develop storylines in their pretend play.</li> <li>Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.</li> <li>Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.</li> <li>Extend and collaborate in storylines in their pretend play.</li> <li>Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses.</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>Artist study:</li> <li>Giuseppe Arcimboldo - Fruit faces.</li> <li>Seurat – People</li> <li>Charanga Songs:</li> <li>Pat-a-cake</li> <li>1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Once I Caught a Fish Alive</li> <li>This Old Man</li> <li>Five Little Ducks</li> <li>Name Song</li> <li>Things for Fingers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Artist study:</li> <li>Yayoi Kusama, Piet Mondrian, Kandinsky - circles, dots + square art.</li> <li>Charanga Songs:</li> <li>I'm A Little Teapot</li> <li>The Grand Old Duke of York</li> <li>Ring O' Roses</li> <li>Hickory Dickory Dock</li> <li>Not Too Difficult</li> <li>The ABC Song</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Artist study:</li> <li>Van Gogh - Starry night</li> <li>Charanga Songs:</li> <li>Wind the Bobbin Up</li> <li>Rock-a-bye Baby</li> <li>Five Little Monkeys Jumping on The Bed</li> <li>Twinkle, Twinkle</li> <li>Happy and You Know It</li> <li>Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Artist study:</li> <li>Jo Saxton - Snail trail</li> <li>Georgia O'Keefe - flowers and landscape</li> <li>Charanga Songs:</li> <li>Old Macdonald</li> <li>Incy Wincy Spider</li> <li>Baa, Baa Black Sheep</li> <li>Row, Row, Row Your Boat</li> <li>The Wheels on The Bus</li> <li>The Hokey Cokey</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Artist study:</li> <li>Shozo Shimamoto / Jackson Pollock - collaborative art</li> <li>Charanga Songs:</li> <li>Big Bear Funk</li> </ul>	Artist study: • Andy Goldsworthy • Alma Woodsey Thomas Charanga Songs Reflect, Rewind, and Replay: • Big Bear Funk • Baa, Baa Black Sheep • Twinkle, Twinkle • Incy Wincy Spider • Rock-a-bye Baby • Row, Row, Row Your Boat			
		Explore a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups. Singing – well known nursery rhymes, familiar songs, and chants. Painting, 3D modelling, messy play, collage, cutting, drama, role play, threading, moving to music, clay sculptures, following music patterns with instruments, singing songs linked to topics, making instruments, percussion.								

It is important to recognise learning does not always fit into boxes. This document shows the progression of knowledge and skills we plan to teach in collaboration with the medium-term plans which provide more specific detail of our planned for experiences. This is in addition to following children's interests and their curiosity about their world. Our play-based and child-centred approaches encourage learning to follow where the child's interest and curiosity leads. Through a balance of guided, planned teaching and pursuing children's own learning within an enabling environment the children will thrive within as it supports their individual and diverse development needs. The children will have daily, continuous access to a wide range of open ended, ambiguous resources allowing the opportunity to explore, experiment and develop their own learning. They will have the opportunities to allow for movement and action, creativity and imagination, independence, and collaboration. Throughout the year the children will have the opportunity to return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.

	BAME main characters	Cultural diversity	Neurodiversity	Physical disabilities	Different families
Diversity texts to be read throughout the year during story time sessions	So much Astro Girl Lulu's first day Baby goes to market Mommy saying Full, full full of love 15 things not to do with a puppy Jabari jumps Izzy gizmo Little people big dreams books	The big book of families Maisie's scrapbook Hats of faith The jasmine sneeze Golden domes and silver lanterns	We're all wonders Perfectly norman Incredible you I see things differently Mr Gorski I think I have the wiggle fidgets Because What makes me a me? The unbudgable curmudgeon	Its ok to be different When Charlie met emma Only one you Don't call me special Happy to be me Millie gets her super ears	My pirate mums Mt two grandads The girl with two dads We are family More people to love me Our class is a family Love makes a family Heather has two mummies